## AGREEMENT WITH INDIANS OF GRANDE RONDE RESERVATION, OREG.

APRIL 14, 1904.—Ordered to be printed.

Mr. CLAPP, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, submitted the following

## REPORT.

[To accompany H. R. 11966.]

The Committee on Indian Affairs, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 11966) to ratify and amend an agreement with the Indians located on the Grande Ronde Reservation, in the State of Oregon, and to make an appropriation to carry the same into effect, recommend that said bill be amended by striking out the word "treaty" where it occurs in line 20 of page 6 of said bill and insert in lieu thereof the word "agreement," and as so amended report said bill favorably and recommend its passage.

The committee refers to the House committee report on said bill,

hereto appended.

## House Report No. 889, Fifty-eighth Congress, second session.

Mr. Brown, of Wisconsin, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, submitted the following

## REPORT.

[To accompany H. R. 11966.]

The Committee on Indian Affairs, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 11966) ratifying and amending an agreement with the Grande Ronde tribe of Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation in Oregon, and making an appropriation to carry the same into effect, having had the same under consideration submits the following report and recom-

mends the passage of the bill.

The purpose of this bill is to ratify and amend an agreement made with the Grande Ronde Indians in Oregon by Inspector James McLaughlin, dated June 27, 1901, providing for the cession to the United States of the unallotted portion of their lands in Yamhill County, Oreg., and approved by the Secretary of the Interior. The area of the lands ceded is approximately 25,791 acres. The agreement, as made with these Indians, provided that the United States would pay them \$28,500 in a lump sum in cash pro rata, share and share alike, to each man, woman, and child belonging on the said Grande Ronde Reservation.

Following the policy and precedents recently established in other cessions of unallotted lands in bills reported by this committee, in cases where the agreements provided for payment of an agreed sum direct from the Treasury of the United States, the committee believes the better practice to be to dispose of the lands and to pay the Indians the

amount realized therefrom.

The usual practice is to open the lands to settlement and to provide for payment to the Government for the Indians of a fixed price per acre. The ceded lands of the Grande Ronde Reservation in Oregon do not admit of their being opened to settlement because of the character of the lands. Those in the north and northwest are fit for nothing but for grazing purposes, and poor at that, and hence it is advisable that they be sold in large tracts, so as to justify their use for grazing purposes, as small tracts for such purpose are unprofitable for such purposes and can not be disposed of if confined to such limited bodies.

It is estimated that these lands will approximate about 11,000 acres. The remainder of the ceded lands embrace about 21 sections or 13,440 acres, the same being in the southern portion of the reservation and valuable for the timber thereon, which should, if sold, realize from \$2.50 to \$6 per acre, and the superintendent of that reservation states that some choice quarter sections will realize even more per acre, and from these timbered lands alone, when sold on competitive bids, there should be realized for the Indians as large a sum of money as that which the agreement with the Indians proposed to accept for all the lands ceded.

With these facts before the committee, it was thought the Indians should receive the full value of their lands, and to that end that sealed bids should be invited, after public advertisement, for sale in Government sections, or parts of sections, provided that the Secretary of the Interior may also receive bids in bulk for the whole body, or separate bids for that portion lying on the north part of the reservation, and for that portion lying in the southern part of the reservation: And provided further, That no bids shall be accepted until the sum of all bids received shall equal or exceed \$28,500, the Secretary having authority to reject any or all bids. The proceeds of these sales shall be paid into the Treasury, and then paid to the said Indians in cash pro rata, share and share alike, in accordance with the terms of the said agreement.

From the showing made to this committee, these Indians have all been allotted their lands, choosing the choice valley, grazing, and timber lands. The lands ceded have never been of any use to the Indians, and will not be, and as the aged people will have more comfortable support and the young people means with which to improve their homes in the valley from the proceeds of the sale, the agreement should be ratified as amended by the bill and the lands sold and the proceeds

paid to the Indians at the earliest practicable moment.

The chief modification of the agreement as shown in the bill was submitted to the agent of the Indians, and he gives it his approval after

consultation with leading members of the tribe.

The bill as reported follows the agreement formally entered into with the Indians in so far that the cession is ratified and the distribution of payment of the proceeds approved, while the money which the committee confidently expect will be realized will far exceed that which was fixed in the agreement as the sum to be paid the Indians.

It will thus appear that the interests of these people have been carefully safeguarded, and better advantages will be secured for them than

as originally proposed in the agreement with them.

The correspondence annexed will indicate the official approval by Department and Bureau of the proceedings thus far had in the premises.

Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, January 13, 1904.

Gentlemen: I am in receipt of your communication dated January 11, 1904, in regard to H. R. 6785, a bill to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Indians located upon the Grande Ronde Reservation in the State of Oregon and to make an appropriation to carry the same into effect.

appropriation to carry the same into effect.

You state that you have arrived at the opinion that the lands ceded should be disposed of at public auction or under sealed bids to the highest bidder for cash and in quantities of not more than 640 acres or in block, and that the price of not less than \$1.15 per acre, which average the total amount, at these figures per acre, would yield

an aggregate amount of \$28,500, the amount agreed upon as compensation for such

land.

You desire to be informed whether these lands are surveyed, and if not all surveyed what portion remains unsurveyed, etc. You also inclose a copy of a proposed substitute for section 2 for my consideration.

Replying to your communication, you are informed that all the lands in the Grande

Ronde Reservation have been surveyed.

Under date of January 2, 1904, I made a report to the Secretary upon this bill, in which I recommended that it receive the approval of the Department and the

favorable consideration of Congress.

Personally, however, I see no objection to your proposed substitute, as under it no provision is made for opening the land to settlement unless the Indians receive at least the amount agreed upon, and I am therefore inclined to think that the substitute will be to the advantage of the Indians.

It is suggested that section I should be amended by adding at the end thereof the

words "subject to the modifications hereinafter made."

Very respectfully,

W. A. JONES. Commissioner.

Hon. W. E. Brown and Hon. H. M. Hogg, Subcommittee of Committee on Indian Affairs, House of Representatives.

> INTERIOR DEPARTMENT, January 27, 1904.

The State of Oregon has waived its claim to school section in the Grande Ronde Indian Reservation by taking indemnity therefor, all of which, except 160 acres, has been approved.

J. H. FIMPLE, Acting Commissioner.

Hon. BINGER HERMANN, House of Representatives:

[House Document No. 175, Fifty-seventh Congress, first session.]

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Washington, December 21, 1901.

SIR: I have the honor to transmit herewith a copy of a communication of the 13th instant from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, and accompanying agreement, entered into by United States Indian Inspector James McLaughlin with the Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation in Oregon, for cession of the surplus lands of their reservation, the land thus ceded being estimated at 25,791 acres, together with a draft of a bill to ratify the same.

The matter has been considered by the Department and is respect-

fully presented for favorable action by the Congress.

Very respectfully,

E. A. HITCHCOCK, Secretary.

The Speaker of the House of Representatives.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. OFFICE OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, Washington, December 13, 1901.

Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt, by Department reference, for consideration and report, of the report of Inspector James McLaughlin, submitting an agreement with the Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation, in Oregon, for the cession of the surplus lands of the said reservation.

The negotiations were conducted by Inspector McLaughlin under instructions prepared by this office June 19, 1901, and approved by the

Department June 21, 1901.

By the first article of the agreement the Indians belonging thereon cede, surrender, grant, and convey to the United States all their claim, right, title, and interest in and to all that part of the Grande Ronde Reservation remaining unallotted at the date of the agreement excepting the 440 acres reserved for Government uses at the time their allotments were made, the land thus ceded being estimated at 25,791 acres.

By the second article the United States stipulates and agrees to pay to the said Indians the sum of \$28,500 in cash, pro rata, as follows: To adults of 18 years of age or more, within one hundred and twenty days from the date of the ratification of the agreement, and to each minor as they arrive at the age of 18 years, the pro rata shares thus retained to be deposited in a lump sum in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of said Indians and draw interest at the rate of 5 per cent, which interest shall be paid to the parents or guardians of said minors annually per capita in cash.

By the third article it is agreed that the 440 acres reserved for Government purposes shall, when no longer required by the United States for educational or other purposes in the interests of said Indians, be allotted to minor beneficiaries who have not received allotments, or be sold for the benefit of the Indians, in the discretion of

the Secretary of the Interior.

The fourth article continues the provisions of existing treaties not

inconsistent with the agreement.

The fifth article provides that the agreement shall take effect when properly signed, approved by the Secretary of the Interior, and rati-

fied by the Congress.

The agreement is signed by Inspector McLaughlin and 60 male adult Indians properly witnessed, and accompanied by the certificate of the superintendent in charge that the total number of male adults over 18 years of age belonging to the reservation is 107, of whom 60 signed the agreement.

The title of these Indians to the lands in question is derived as fol-

lows:

By the treaty of November 29, 1854 (10 Stats., 1125), certain chiefs of the confederated bands of the Umpqua tribe of Indians and of the Calapooias residing in Umpqua Valley ceded to the United States certain described lands, provided that a certain described tract therein should be held by said confederated bands, and such others as might be designated to reside thereon, as an Indian reservation.

By the treaty of January 22, 1855 (10 Stats., 1143), the confederated bands of Indians residing in the Willamette Valley, including the Calapooias, ceded certain lands, one of the considerations being that said Indians should be permitted to remain within the limits of the ceded country and on such temporary reserves as might be made for them by the Superintendent of Indian Affairs until a suitable district of country should be designated for their permanent home and proper improvements made thereon.

By the treaty of December 21, 1855 (12 Stats., 981), the Molallas ceded certain lands, one of the stipulations on the part of the United States in consideration of the cession being to secure to the members

of said tribe all the rights and privileges guaranteed by treaty to the

Umpqua and Calapooias jointly with said tribes.

By an Executive order issued June 30, 1857, Tps. 5 and 6 of R. 8, and parts of Tps. 5 and 6 S. of R. 7 W., Willamette meridian, were established as an Indian reservation for the colonization of Indian tribes in Oregon, and particularly for the Willamette tribes, parties to the treaty of January, 1855.

Allotments have been made to 270 Indians on said reservation under

the act of February 8, 1887 (24 Stats., 388).

The census rolls now show 396 persons belonging to the reservation. Married women were not entitled to allotments under said act of 1887.

In his report accompanying the agreement Inspector McLaughlin states that the unallotted lands are situated chiefly along the southern, western, and northern boundaries of the reservation, and, like all the coast lands of western Oregon, are hilly and even mountainous, but the soil is rich and fertile; that the southern and southwestern portion of the reservation, about 13,000 acres, included in the agreement, is well timbered with a good growth of live timber, chiefly fir, but of not very good quality; and that throughout the northern and northwestern portion there is very little live timber, except of a second growth, but there is luxuriant grass throughout that portion, which affords good grazing, horses, cattle, sheep, and goats thriving wonderfully upon it.

He reports that the Indians at first wanted \$2 per acre; that after some consultation they reduced the price to \$1.25 per acre, and that he then made them an offer of \$28,500, being a fraction over

\$1.10 per acre, for all the surplus land.

This is undoubtedly a moderate price for the land.

I think it to be regretted that provision was made in the agreement for the annual payment of interest on the withheld shares instead of paying the principal and accrued interest on arrival at the age of 18 years; but this is not of sufficient consequence to be seriously considered.

I have the honor to recommend that the agreement receive your approval and that it be transmitted to the Congress with the bill prepared in this office for its ratification, with request for favorable consideration.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

W. A. Jones, Commissioner.

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, UNITED STATES INDIAN SERVICE, Tacoma, Wash., June 28, 1901.

Sir: Under instructions prepared in the office of Indian Affairs, dated the 19th instant, bearing Department approval the 21st, I have the honor to transmit herewith an agreement, dated the 27th instant, entered into by me, on the part of the United States, with the Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., for the cession of their unallotted lands, the tract thus ceded approximating 25,791 acres.

The tract ceded by the inclosed agreement comprises all of the unallotted lands of the Grande Ronde Reservation, except 440 acres which was reserved for Government uses at the time allotments were made to said Indians, the said reserve embracing the school farm of 200

acres and a timber reserve of 240 acres.

The timber reserve, upon which the Government sawmill and grist-mill are located, is about 3 miles southwest of the school tract and contains an excellent mill site, which furnishes ample water power for running the said mills, both of which are in very good condition and successfully operated by Indian labor at a very little expense to the Government, and as those mills are of great benefit to the Indians in sawing lumber for building purposes and grinding the wheat raised, they should, in my opinion, be maintained for some time to come.

I spent three days in looking over the unallotted lands referred to. which are situated chiefly along the southern, western, and northern boundaries of the reservation, and, like all the coast lands of western Oregon, are hilly and even mountainous, but the soil is rich and fertile.

The southern and southwestern portion of the reservation, about 13,000 acres, included in the agreement, is well timbered with a good growth of live timber, chiefly fir; but I do not regard it of very good quality, only a small proportion of it being free from limbs for any considerable height, and consequently the lumber it produces is rather knotty. It, however, makes very good lumber for home consumption and local trade, but would not be desirable for shipping any great distance or find ready sale at profitable prices in an Eastern market.

Throughout the northern and northwestern portion there is very little live timber except of a second growth, as heavy fires some years ago destroyed a large tract of heavily timbered forest; but there is luxuriant grass throughout that portion, which affords good grazing, horses, cattle, sheep, and goats thriving wonderfully upon it, and if the numerous large trees that have fallen throughout the tract were removed and the dense thickets were cleared away that portion of the Grande Ronde Reservation, with its abundant supply of excellent water, would make one of the finest stock ranges in Oregon.

After examining the lands in question, I assembled the Indians in council to negotiate with them for the cession, and they at first asked \$2 per acre for the tract, holding out for some time for that price for the portion containing the live timber; but I, regarding the burned district, with its range advantages, of equal value to the live timber portion, would not concede any extra price per acre for the southern

tract.

After some consultation among themselves they reduced their price to \$1.25 per acre, whereupon I made them a lump-sum offer of \$28,500 for the entire tract, being a fraction over \$1.10 per acre, which offer, after consulting further among themselves, was accepted and the agree-

ment thus concluded.

The census rolls of Grande Ronde Agency show 396 persons belonging on the reservation, 107 of whom are male adults over 18 years of age, and 60 of them signed the agreement, being a decisive majority of the Indians interested. Every Indian belonging on the reservation who was not absent therefrom signed the agreement, except two old men who were too ill to come to the agency, and the 45 who were absent, working for white men in different localities, would doubtless have signed had they been at home, as the concurrence of those present

was unanimous and their satisfaction over its consummation was quite

The approximate number of acres ceded, as inserted in the agreement, is based upon the 59,699 acres which the reservation contained, of which 33,148 acres has been allotted to 269 Indians, leaving 26,551 acres held in common, of which 440 acres is reserved for Government purposes, and deducting the 440 acres thus reserred leaves 26,111 acres

remaining unallotted.

School Superintendent Andrew Kershaw has recently made one new allotment and four reallotments under Department instructions, viz: Mary Barker, 160 acres; John Smith, 120 acres; Jane Isaac, 110 acres; Allie Metcalf, 40 acres; and Edward Metcalf, 40 acres; total, 470 acres, from which should be deducted 150 acres relinquished by the persons to whom reallotments were made. (This relinquishment was made necessary to correct error of location made on claim of George E. Zimmerman, in sec. 24, T. 6 S., range 8 west, of Willamette meridian, referred to in Indian Office letter "Land," dated July 28, 1892, to the agent at Grande Ronde Agency, Oreg.) And the 320 acres of land herein referred to as recently allotted by Superintendent Kershaw deducted from the 26,111 acres leaves 25,791 acres remaining unallotted on June 27, 1901, the date of the inclosed agreement.

Regarding the manner of payment for the land ceded, as stipulated in the agreement, I desire to state that the Grande Ronde Indians are well advanced in civilization. They all speak English quite well, and are capable of managing and taking care of their respective shares, and the shares being only about \$72 per capita, will be of greater benefit to them if paid in one payment than if paid in two or more installments, and all will then understand that they have nothing further coming to them from the Government and will govern them-

selves accordingly.

I regard the price allowed for the land as just and reasonable, and the manner of payment as best for the Indians and in the interests of the service, and respectfully recommend the approval and ratification of the agreement.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

JAMES McLAUGHLIN, United States Indian Inspector.

The SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR. Washington, D. C.

This agreement, made and entered into on the 27th day of June, 1901, by and between James McLaughlin, U.S. Indian inspector, on the part of the United States, and the Willamette tribes and other Indians belonging on the Grande Ronde Reser-

ARTICLE I. The said Indians belonging on the Grande Roservation, Oregon, for the consideration hereinafter named, do hereby cede, surrender, grant, and convey to the United States all their claim, right, title, and interest in and to all that part of the Grande Ronde Reservation remaining unallotted on the date of this agreement, excepting the four hundred and forty acres of land reserved for Government uses at the time their allotments in severalty were made, the land hereby ceded and relinquished approximating twenty-five thousand seven hundred and ninety-one (25,791) acres.

ART. II. In consideration of the lands ceded, relinquished, and conveyed by Article I of this agreement, the United States stipulates and agrees to pay to the said Indians the sum of twenty-eight thousand five hundred (28,500) dollars in cash pro rata, share and share alike, to each man, woman, and child belonging on the said Grande Ronde Reservation, as follows, to wit: To adults of eighteen years of age or more, within one hundred and twenty days from and after the date of the ratification of this agreement, and to each minor as they arrive at the age of eighteen years, and that the pro rata shares thus retained until the beneficiaries attain the age aforesaid shall be deposited in lump sum in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of said Indians, and shall draw interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, which interest shall be paid to the parents or guardians of said minors annually per capita in cash until said minors arrive at the age of eighteen years, and as each of such beneficiaries arrive at the age of eighteen years they shall be paid their share in full.

ART. III. It is understood and agreed that the four hundred and forty acres of land reserved for Government purposes, referred to in Article I of this agreement, shall, when no longer required by the United States for educational or other purposes in the interest of said Indians, be allotted to minor beneficiaries who have not received any allotments of land, or be sold for the benefit of the Indians, parties hereto, in

the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior.

ART. IV. It is understood that nothing in this agreement shall be construed to deprive the said Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation of any benefits to which they may be entitled under existing treaties, not inconsistent with the provisions of this agreement.

ART. V. This agreement shall take effect and be in force when signed by James McLaughlin, U. S. Indian inspector, and by a majority of the male adult Indians, parties thereto, and when approved by the Secretary of the Interior and accepted

and ratified by the Congress of the United States.

In witness whereof the said James McLaughlin, U. S. Indian inspector, on the part of the United States, and the male adults of the Willamette tribes and other Indians belonging on the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oregon, have hereunto set their hands and seals at Grande Ronde Agency, Oregon, this twenty-seventh day of June, A. D. nineteen hundred and one.

James McLaughlin, U. S. Indian Inspector.

No.	Name.	Mark.	Age.	No.	Name.	Mark.	Age
1	John Warren		38	31	Tom Lawney	x	9
2	John Wachena		47	32	Davis Davis	x	1
3	Peter McCoy	v	89	33	Narcisse Lachance	-	1
4	James Silqua		74	34	Levi Taylor		
5	John Smith	X	64	35	Joe Leno		
6	Alsea Bill	Y V	75	36	John Doud in		
7	Solomon Riggs	A V	74	37	John Doud, jr		
8	Moses Allen	X	80	38	Jesse Smith		
9	Robert Metcalf		58	39	Francis Menard		
	William Barlow		94	40	Alexander Norwest		
10							
11	Dick Cook		74	41	Patrick Doud		
12	Wallen Kilmone		64	42	Frank Quenel		
13	Yamhill Joe	X	79	43	Peter Menard		
14	Peter Petit		56	44	Norris Apperson		
15	David Leno	X	64	45	Eddie Riggs		
16	Joseph David		29	46	Frank Isaac		
17	James Winslow	X	67	47	Joseph Mitchelle		
18	James Foster		54	48	Andrew Smith		
19	Applegate Jack	X	69	49	Andrew Riggs		
20	Peter Sulkey	x	• 69	50	Andrew Riggs		1
21	Samuel Chantelle	x	59	51	Moses Sitton		1
22	Dick Hall		77	52	Jesee Wheeler		
23	William Shufon	x	62	53	Reuben Long	x	
24	Daniel Wacheno	x	42	54	William Hartless	x	1
25	Isaac Stephens		59	55	Thomas Gilbert	x	
26	John Pratt	x	54	56	Willie Riggs		
27	James Smith		37	57	James Hines	X	
28	Foster Wacheno	X	52	58	Felix Watchew		
29	Jake Wheeler		64	59	Amos Kilear		
30	Peter Menard		58	60	Edward Petite		

I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the foregoing agreement between the United States and the Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., dated June 27, 1901, was thoroughly explained by me to said Indians and that it was fully understood by them before signing.

JOHN WARREN, Interpreter.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that we witnessed the signatures of James McLaughlin, United States Indian inspector, and of the 60 male adult Indians of the Grand Ronde Reservation, Oreg., to the foregoing agreement.

> MAURICE E. PEAIRS, Industrial Teacher. LUTHER PARKER,
> Teacher.

Grande Ronde Agency, Oreg., June 27, 1901.

I certify that the total number of male adult Indians over 18 years of age belonging on the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., is 107, of whom 60 have signed the foregoing agreement.

ANDREW KERSHAW, Superintendent and Special Disbursing Agent.

> DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR. December 20, 1901.

Approved.

E. A. HITCHCOCK, Secretary.

A BILL to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Indians located upon the Grande Roservation, in the State of Oregon, and to make an appropriation to carry the same into effect.

Whereas James McLaughlin, United States Indian inspector, acting in behalf of the United States, did, on the twenty-seventh day of June, nineteen hundred and one, conclude an agreement with the Indians residing on the Grande Ronde Reservation, in the State of Oregon, which said agreement is as follows:

This agreement made and entered into on the twenty-seventh day June, nineteen hundred and one, by and between James McLaughlin, U. S. Indian inspector, on the part of the United States, and the Willamette tribes and other Indians belong-

ing on the Grande Ronde Reservation in the State of Oregon, witnesseth:

ARTICLE I. The said Indians belonging on the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oregon, for the consideration hereinafter named, do hereby cede, surrender, grant, and convey to the United States all their claim, right, title, and interest in and to all that part of the Grande Ronde Reservation remaining unallotted on the date of this agreement, excepting the four hundred and forty acres of land reserved for Government uses at the time their allotments in severalty were made, the land hereby ceded and relinquished approximating twenty-five thousand seven hundred and ninety-one

(25,791) acres.

ART. II. In consideration of the lands ceded, relinquished, and conveyed by Article I of this agreement, the United States stipulates and agrees to pay to the said Indians the sum of twenty-eight thousand five hundred (28,500) dollars in cash pro rata, share and share alike, to each man, woman and child belonging on the said Grande Ronde Reservation, as follows, to wit: To adults of eighteen years of age or more, within one hundred and twenty days from and after the date of the ratification of this agreement, and to each minor as they arrive at the age of eighteen years; and that the pro rata shares thus retained until the beneficiaries attain the age aforesaid shall be deposited in lump sum in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of said Indians, and shall draw interest at the rate of five per centum per annum, which interest shall be paid to the parents or guardians of said minors annually per capita,

in cash, until said minors arrive at the age of eighteen years, and as each of such beneficiaries arrive at the age of eighteen years they shall be paid their share in full.

ART. III. It is understood and agreed that the four hundred and forty acres of land reserved for Government purposes, referred to in Article I of this agreement, shall, when no longer required by the United States for educational or other purposes in the interests of said Indians, be allotted to minor beneficiaries who have not received any allotments of land, or be sold for the benefit of the Indians, parties

hereto, in the discretion of the Secretary of the Interior.

ART. IV. It is understood that nothing in this agreement shall be construed to deprive the said Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation of any benefits to which they may be entitled under existing treaties, not inconsistent with the provisions of this agreement.

ART. V. This agreement shall take effect and be in force when signed by James McLaughlin, United States Indian inspector, and by a majority of the male adult Indians, parties thereto, and when approved by the Secretary of the Interior and

accepted and ratified by the Congress of the United States.

In witness whereof the said James McLaughlin, United States Indian inspector, on the part of the United States, and the male adults of the Willamette tribes and other Indians, belonging on the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., have hereunto set their hands and seals at Grande Ronde Agency, Oreg., this 27th day of June, A. D. 1901.

James McLaughlin, United States Indian Inspector. (John Warren and 59 others.)

I, the undersigned, do hereby certify that the foregoing agreement between the United States and the Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., dated June 27, 1901, was thoroughly explained by me to said Indians, and that it was fully understood by them before signing.

JOHN WARREN, Interpreter.

Grande Ronde Agency, Oreg., June 27, 1901.

We, the undersigned, do hereby certify that we witnessed the signatures of James McLaughlin, United States Indian inspector, and of the 60 male adult Indians of the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., to the foregoing agreement.

Maurice E. Peairs, Industrial Teacher. Luther Parker, Teacher.

GRANDE RONDE AGENCY, OREG., June 27, 1901.

I certify that the total number of male adult Indians over 18 years of age belonging on the Grande Ronde Reservation, Oreg., is 107, of whom 60 have signed the foregoing agreement.

Andrew Kershaw, Superintendent and Special Disbursing Agent.

> Department of the Interior, December 20, 1901.

Approved.

E. A. HITCHCOCK, Secretary.

Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said agreement be, and the same hereby is, accepted, ratified, and confirmed.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of carrying the provisions of this act into effect there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of twenty-eight thousand five hundred dollars, which sum of money shall be paid to the Indians in manner and form prescribed by article two of the agreement: Provided, That none of the lands ceded and relinquished by said agreement shall be open to settlement, sale, or disposal until proclamation by the President of the United States, after the public surveys shall have been extended over them, and when so open they shall be disposed of under the general land laws.